

## **Correlation**

This guide illustrates ways to visualize the relationship between two continuous variables and quantify the linear association via. pearson's correlation coefficient. For information on nonparametric correlations, see the **Nonparametric Correlations** guide.

## Correlation Between Two Variables

- 1. From an open JMP° data table, select Analyze > Fit Y by X.
- Click on a continuous variable from Select Columns, and click Y, Response (continuous variables have blue triangles).
- 3. Click on a second continuous variable, and click **X, Factor**.
- 4. Click **OK** to generate a scatterplot.
- To display summary statistics including means, standard deviations, correlation and a confidence interval for the correlation, select
  Summary Statistics under the red triangle.
- To display the density ellipse on the graph, click on the red triangle and select the Density Ellipse > 0.95.

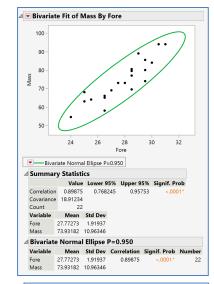
## Correlations Between Multiple Pairs of Variables

- From an open JMP data table, select Analyze > Multivariate Methods > Multivariate.
- Click on two or more continuous variables from Select Columns, and click Y, Columns.
- 3. Click **OK** to produce a correlaton table and a scatterplot matrix.

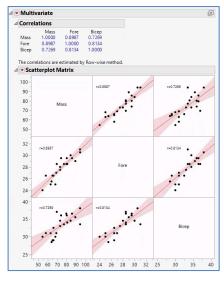
## Tips:

- Many additional correlation options are available under the red triangle next to Multivariate, including:
  - CI of Correlations.
  - Inverse Correlations.
  - Partial Correlations.
  - Pairwise Correlations (Pearson product-moment).
  - Nonparametric Correlations (including Spearman's rho).
- Scatterplot options are available under the red triangle next to Scatterplot Matrix. Here we selected to display the correlation values, and a linear regression fit.

Body Measurements.jmp (Help > Sample Data Folder)







Note: Density ellipses can also be generated from **Graph > Scatterplot Matrix** and **Graph > Graph Builder**.

Visit Basic Analysis > Bivariate Analysis and Multivariate Methods > Correlations and Multivariate Techniques in JMP Help to learn more.